



Relaxing LHC constraints on the W_R mass

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 $M_{\nu_R} > M_{W_R}$
Scenario II:
 $M_{\nu_R} < M_{W_R}$
Correlating W_R and
 ν_R mass bounds

Conclusion

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	Fields	$SU(2)_L \times SU(2)_R \times U(1)_{B-L}$
Matter	Q_{Li}	$(2, 1, +\frac{1}{3})$
	Q_{Ri}	$(1, 2, -\frac{1}{3})$
	L_{Li}	$(2, 1, -1)$
	L_{Ri}	$(1, 2, -1)$
Higgs	Φ	$(2, 2, 0)$
	Δ_L	$(3, 1, 2)$
	Δ_R	$(1, 3, 2)$

$$Q_{Li} = \begin{pmatrix} u_L \\ d_L \end{pmatrix}_i \sim (2, 1, 1/3), \quad Q_{Ri} = \begin{pmatrix} u_R \\ d_R \end{pmatrix}_i \sim (1, 2, 1/3),$$

$$L_{Li} = \begin{pmatrix} \nu_L \\ \ell_L \end{pmatrix}_i \sim (2, 1, -1), \quad L_{Ri} = \begin{pmatrix} \nu_R \\ \ell_R \end{pmatrix}_i \sim (1, 2, -1),$$

$$SU(3)_C \times SU(2)_L \times SU(2)_R \times U(1)_{B-L}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 & & \downarrow \Delta_R \\
 SU(3)_C \times & & SU(2)_L \times U(1)_Y \\
 & & \downarrow \phi \\
 SU(3)_C \times & & U(1)_{EM}
 \end{array}$$

$$\Phi \equiv \begin{pmatrix} \phi_1^+ & \phi_2^+ \\ \phi_1^0 & \phi_2^0 \end{pmatrix} \sim (2, 2, 0)$$

$$\Delta_L \equiv \begin{pmatrix} \delta_L^+/\sqrt{2} & \delta_L^{++} \\ \delta_L^0 & -\delta_L^+/\sqrt{2} \end{pmatrix} \sim (3, 1, 2)$$

$$\Delta_R \equiv \begin{pmatrix} \delta_R^+/\sqrt{2} & \delta_R^{++} \\ \delta_R^0 & -\delta_R^+/\sqrt{2} \end{pmatrix} \sim (1, 3, 2)$$

Symmetry Breaking

$$SU(2)_R \otimes U(1)_{B-L} \longrightarrow U(1)_Y$$

$$\langle \Delta_L \rangle = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ \nu_L e^{i\theta_L} / \sqrt{2} & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \quad \langle \Delta_R \rangle = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ \nu_R / \sqrt{2} & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

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Symmetry Breaking

$$SU(2)_R \otimes U(1)_{B-L} \longrightarrow U(1)_Y$$

$$\langle \Delta_L \rangle = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ \nu_L e^{i\theta_L}/\sqrt{2} & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \quad \langle \Delta_R \rangle = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ \nu_R/\sqrt{2} & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$SU(2)_L \otimes U(1)_Y \longrightarrow U(1)_{EM}$$

$$\nu_R \gg (\kappa_1, \kappa_2) \gg \nu_L, \quad \sqrt{\kappa_1^2 + \kappa_2^2} = v = 246 \text{ GeV}$$

$$\langle \Phi \rangle = \begin{pmatrix} \kappa_1/\sqrt{2} & 0 \\ 0 & \kappa_2 e^{i\alpha}/\sqrt{2} \end{pmatrix}$$

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LRSM Lagrangian

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{LRSM}} = \mathcal{L}_{\text{kin}} + \mathcal{L}_Y - V(\Phi, \Delta_L, \Delta_R)$$

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$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{kin}} = i \sum \bar{\psi} \gamma^\mu D_\mu \psi$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \bar{L}_L \gamma^\mu \left(i \partial_\mu + g_L \frac{\vec{\tau}}{2} \cdot \vec{W}_{L\mu} - \frac{g_{B-L}}{2} B_\mu \right) L_L + \bar{L}_R \gamma^\mu \left(i \partial_\mu + g_R \frac{\vec{\tau}}{2} \cdot \vec{W}_{R\mu} - \frac{g_{B-L}}{2} B_\mu \right) L_R \\ &+ \bar{Q}_L \gamma^\mu \left(i \partial_\mu + g_L \frac{\vec{\tau}}{2} \cdot \vec{W}_{L\mu} + \frac{g_{B-L}}{6} B_\mu \right) Q_L + \bar{Q}_R \gamma^\mu \left(i \partial_\mu + g_R \frac{\vec{\tau}}{2} \cdot \vec{W}_{R\mu} + \frac{g_{B-L}}{6} B_\mu \right) Q_R \end{aligned}$$



LRSM Lagrangian

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{LRSM}} = \mathcal{L}_{\text{kin}} + \mathcal{L}_Y - V(\Phi, \Delta_L, \Delta_R)$$

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$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{kin}} = i \sum \bar{\psi} \gamma^\mu D_\mu \psi$$

$$= \bar{L}_L \gamma^\mu \left(i \partial_\mu + g_L \frac{\vec{\tau}}{2} \cdot \vec{W}_{L\mu} - \frac{g_{B-L}}{2} B_\mu \right) L_L + \bar{L}_R \gamma^\mu \left(i \partial_\mu + g_R \frac{\vec{\tau}}{2} \cdot \vec{W}_{R\mu} - \frac{g_{B-L}}{2} B_\mu \right) L_R$$

$$+ \bar{Q}_L \gamma^\mu \left(i \partial_\mu + g_L \frac{\vec{\tau}}{2} \cdot \vec{W}_{L\mu} + \frac{g_{B-L}}{6} B_\mu \right) Q_L + \bar{Q}_R \gamma^\mu \left(i \partial_\mu + g_R \frac{\vec{\tau}}{2} \cdot \vec{W}_{R\mu} + \frac{g_{B-L}}{6} B_\mu \right) Q_R$$

$$\mathcal{L}_Y = - \left[Y_{L_L} \bar{L}_L \Phi L_R + \tilde{Y}_{L_R} \bar{L}_R \Phi L_L + Y_{Q_L} \bar{Q}_L \tilde{\Phi} Q_R + \tilde{Y}_{Q_R} \bar{Q}_R \tilde{\Phi} Q_L \right. \\ \left. + h_L^{ij} \bar{L}_{L_i}^c i \tau_2 \Delta_L L_{L_j} + h_R^{ij} \bar{L}_{R_i}^c i \tau_2 \Delta_R L_{R_j} + \text{h.c.} \right],$$



LRSM Higgs Potential

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$$\begin{aligned}
V(\phi, \Delta_L, \Delta_R) = & -\mu_1^2 \left(\text{Tr} [\phi^\dagger \phi] \right) - \mu_2^2 \left(\text{Tr} [\tilde{\phi} \phi^\dagger] + \left(\text{Tr} [\tilde{\phi}^\dagger \phi] \right) \right) - \mu_3^2 \left(\text{Tr} [\Delta_L \Delta_L^\dagger] + \text{Tr} [\Delta_R \Delta_R^\dagger] \right) \\
& + \lambda_1 \left(\left(\text{Tr} [\phi \phi^\dagger] \right)^2 \right) + \lambda_2 \left(\left(\text{Tr} [\tilde{\phi} \phi^\dagger] \right)^2 + \left(\text{Tr} [\tilde{\phi}^\dagger \phi] \right)^2 \right) + \lambda_3 \left(\text{Tr} [\tilde{\phi} \phi^\dagger] \text{Tr} [\tilde{\phi}^\dagger \phi] \right) \\
& + \lambda_4 \left(\text{Tr} [\phi \phi^\dagger] \left(\text{Tr} [\tilde{\phi} \phi^\dagger] + \text{Tr} [\tilde{\phi}^\dagger \phi] \right) \right) + \rho_1 \left(\left(\text{Tr} [\Delta_L \Delta_L^\dagger] \right)^2 + \left(\text{Tr} [\Delta_R \Delta_R^\dagger] \right)^2 \right) \\
& + \rho_2 \left(\text{Tr} [\Delta_L \Delta_L] \text{Tr} [\Delta_L^\dagger \Delta_L^\dagger] + \text{Tr} [\Delta_R \Delta_R] \text{Tr} [\Delta_R^\dagger \Delta_R^\dagger] \right) + \rho_3 \left(\text{Tr} [\Delta_L \Delta_L^\dagger] \text{Tr} [\Delta_R \Delta_R^\dagger] \right) \\
& + \rho_4 \left(\text{Tr} [\Delta_L \Delta_L] \text{Tr} [\Delta_R^\dagger \Delta_R^\dagger] + \text{Tr} [\Delta_L^\dagger \Delta_L^\dagger] \text{Tr} [\Delta_R \Delta_R] \right) + \alpha_1 \text{Tr} [\phi \phi^\dagger] \left(\text{Tr} [\Delta_L \Delta_L^\dagger] + \text{Tr} [\Delta_R \Delta_R^\dagger] \right) \\
& + \alpha_2 \left(\text{Tr} [\phi \tilde{\phi}^\dagger] \text{Tr} [\Delta_R \Delta_R^\dagger] + \text{Tr} [\phi^\dagger \tilde{\phi}] \text{Tr} [\Delta_L \Delta_L^\dagger] \right) + \alpha_2^* \left(\text{Tr} [\phi^\dagger \tilde{\phi}] \text{Tr} [\Delta_R \Delta_R^\dagger] + \text{Tr} [\tilde{\phi}^\dagger \phi] \text{Tr} [\Delta_L \Delta_L^\dagger] \right) \\
& + \alpha_3 \left(\text{Tr} [\phi \phi^\dagger \Delta_L \Delta_L^\dagger] + \text{Tr} [\phi^\dagger \phi \Delta_R \Delta_R^\dagger] \right) + \beta_1 \left(\text{Tr} [\phi \Delta_R \phi^\dagger \Delta_L^\dagger] + \text{Tr} [\phi^\dagger \Delta_L \phi \Delta_R^\dagger] \right) \\
& + \beta_2 \left(\text{Tr} [\tilde{\phi} \Delta_R \phi^\dagger \Delta_L^\dagger] + \text{Tr} [\tilde{\phi}^\dagger \Delta_L \phi \Delta_R^\dagger] \right) + \beta_3 \left(\text{Tr} [\phi \Delta_R \tilde{\phi}^\dagger \Delta_L^\dagger] + \text{Tr} [\phi^\dagger \Delta_L \tilde{\phi} \Delta_R^\dagger] \right)
\end{aligned}$$



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$$\begin{pmatrix} Z_R^\mu \\ B^\mu \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \cos \phi & -\sin \phi \\ \sin \phi & \cos \phi \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} W_R^{3\mu} \\ V^\mu \end{pmatrix}$$

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$$\begin{pmatrix} Z_L^\mu \\ B^\mu \\ Z_R^\mu \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \cos \theta_W & -\sin \theta_W \sin \phi & -\sin \theta_W \cos \phi \\ \sin \theta_W & \cos \theta_W \sin \phi & \cos \theta_W \cos \phi \\ 0 & \cos \phi & -\sin \phi \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} W_L^{3\mu} \\ W_R^{3\mu} \\ V^\mu \end{pmatrix}$$

$$M_A = 0$$

$$M_{Z_{1,2}}^2 = \frac{1}{4} \left[[g_L^2 v^2 + 2v_R^2(g_R^2 + g_{B-L}^2)] \mp \sqrt{[g_L^2 v^2 + 2v_R^2(g_R^2 + g_{B-L}^2)]^2 - 4g_L^2(g_R^2 + 2g_{B-L}^2)v^2 v_R^2} \right].$$



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$$\begin{pmatrix} W_1 \\ W_2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \cos \xi & -\sin \xi \\ \sin \xi & \cos \xi \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} W_L \\ W_R \end{pmatrix}$$



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$$\begin{pmatrix} W_1 \\ W_2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \cos \xi & -\sin \xi \\ \sin \xi & \cos \xi \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} W_L \\ W_R \end{pmatrix}$$

In the limit of $(\kappa_1, \kappa_2) \ll v_R$ and $g_R \sim g_L$ we have

$$\sin \xi \approx \frac{\kappa_1 \kappa_2}{v_R^2}, \quad \sin^2 \xi \approx 0, \quad \cos \xi \approx 1, \quad \text{leading to}$$

$$M_{W_1}^2 = \frac{1}{4} g_L^2 v^2, \quad M_{W_2}^2 = \frac{1}{4} \left[2g_R^2 v_R^2 + g_R^2 v^2 + 2g_R g_L \frac{\kappa_1^2 \kappa_2^2}{v_R^2} \right]$$



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$$W_R \rightarrow t\bar{b}$$

$$W_R \rightarrow jj$$

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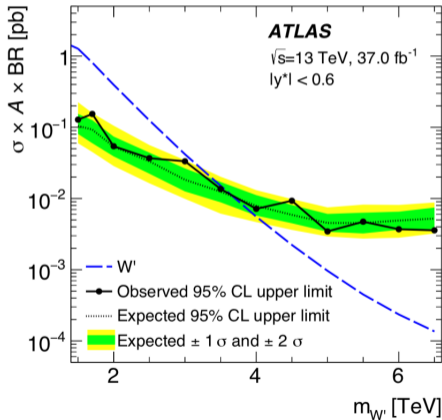
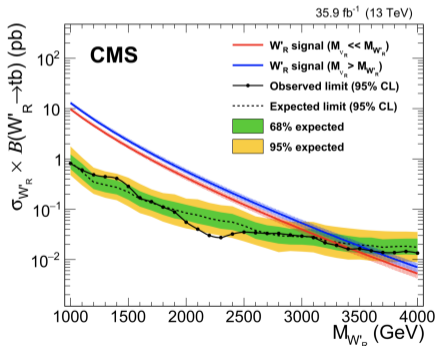
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$$W_R \rightarrow l\nu_R \rightarrow llW_R^* \rightarrow llqq', \quad l = e \text{ or } \mu.$$

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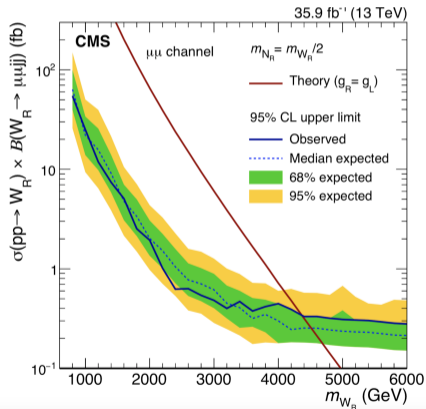
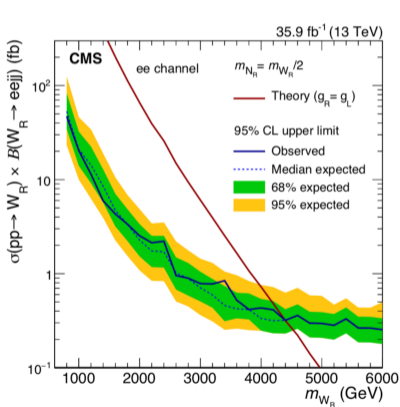
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Motivation for $g_L \neq g_R$

$$\frac{1}{e^2} = \frac{1}{g_L^2} + \frac{1}{g_R^2} + \frac{1}{g_{B-L}^2},$$

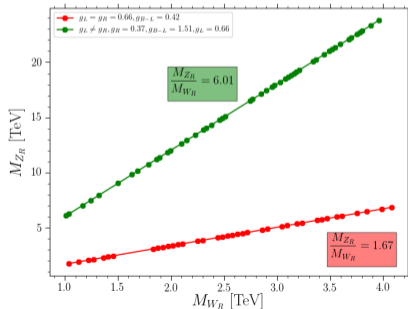
$$\frac{1}{g_Y^2} = \frac{1}{g_R^2} + \frac{1}{g_{B-L}^2}$$

Setting $\sin \phi = \frac{g_{B-L}}{\sqrt{g_R^2 + g_{B-L}^2}}$ and $\sin \theta_W = \frac{g_Y}{\sqrt{g_L^2 + g_Y^2}}$, we get

$$\tan \theta_W = \frac{g_R \sin \phi}{g_L} \leq \frac{g_R}{g_L},$$

Theoretical constraint on g_R gauge coupling

$$g_L \tan \theta_W \leq g_R$$



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Observable	Constraints	Observable	Constraints
ΔB_s	[10.2-26.4]	ΔB_d	[0.294-0.762]
ΔM_K	$< 5.00 \times 10^{-15}$	$\frac{\Delta M_K}{\Delta M_K^{SM}}$	[0.7-1.3]
ϵ_K	$< 3.00 \times 10^{-3}$	$\frac{\epsilon_K}{\epsilon_K^{SM}}$	[0.7-1.3]
$BR(B^0 \rightarrow X_s \gamma)$	$[2.99, 3.87] \times 10^{-4}$	$\frac{BR(B^0 \rightarrow X_s \gamma)}{BR(B^0 \rightarrow X_s \gamma)_{SM}}$	[0.7-1.3]
M_h	[124, 126] GeV	$M_{H_{1,2}^{\pm\pm}}$	> 535 GeV
$M_{H_{4,A_2,H_2^\pm}}$	$> 4.75 \times M_{W_R}$		

Table: Current experimental bounds imposed for consistent solutions.

Parameter	Scanned range
ν_R	[2.2, 20] TeV
$V_{CKM}^R: c_{12}^R, c_{13}^R, c_{23}^R$	[-1, 1]
$\text{diag}(h_{ij}^R)$	[0.001, 1]

$$M_{\nu_R}^{ij} = h_{ij}^R \nu_R$$

$$V_{CKM}^R = \begin{bmatrix} c_{12}^R c_{13}^R & s_{12}^R c_{13}^R & s_{13}^R e^{i\delta_R} \\ -s_{12}^R c_{23}^R - c_{12}^R s_{23}^R s_{13}^R e^{i\delta_R} & c_{12}^R c_{23}^R - s_{12}^R s_{23}^R s_{13}^R e^{i\delta_R} & s_{23}^R c_{13}^R \\ s_{12}^R s_{23}^R - c_{12}^R c_{23}^R s_{13}^R e^{i\delta_R} & -c_{12}^R c_{23}^R - s_{12}^R c_{23}^R s_{13}^R e^{i\delta_R} & s_{23}^R c_{13}^R \end{bmatrix}$$

Table: Scanned parameter space.

Scenario I: $M_{\nu_R} > M_{W_R}$

$$\underline{g_L \neq g_R = 0.37, \tan \beta = 0.01, V_{\text{CKM}}^L = V_{\text{CKM}}^R}$$

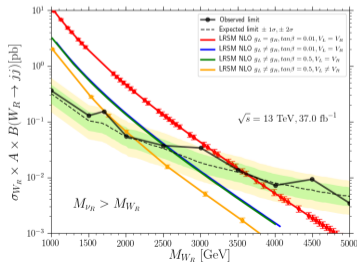
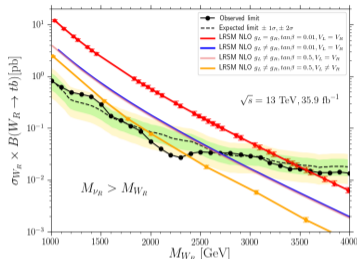
$$\left. \begin{array}{l} \text{BR}(W_R \rightarrow W_L h) \\ \text{BR}(W_R \rightarrow W_L Z_L) \\ \text{BR}(W_R \rightarrow t\bar{b}) \sim 32\% - 33\% \end{array} \right\} \text{invisible}$$

$$\underline{g_L \neq g_R = 0.37, \tan \beta = 0.5, V_{\text{CKM}}^L = V_{\text{CKM}}^R}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{BR}(W_R \rightarrow W_L h) \sim 1.95\% \\ \text{BR}(W_R \rightarrow W_L Z_L) \sim 2.0\% \\ \text{BR}(W_R \rightarrow t\bar{b}) \sim 31.0\% - 31.8\% \end{array}$$

$$\underline{g_L \neq g_R = 0.37, \tan \beta = 0.5, V_{\text{CKM}}^L \neq V_{\text{CKM}}^R}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{BR}(W_R \rightarrow t\bar{b}) \sim 20\% \text{ for high } M_{W_R} \text{ (4 TeV)} \\ \sim 29\% \text{ for low } M_{W_R} \text{ (1.5 TeV)} \end{array}$$



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Scenario II: $M_{\nu_R} < M_{W_R}$

$$\underline{g_L = g_R, \tan \beta = 0.01, V_{CKM}^L = V_{CKM}^R}$$

$$\text{BR}(W_R \rightarrow \nu_R \ell) \sim 5.8\% \text{ (each family)}$$

$$\text{BR}(W_R \rightarrow t\bar{b}) \sim 26.5\% - 27.3\%$$

$$\underline{g_L \neq g_R = 0.37, \tan \beta = 0.01, V_{CKM}^L = V_{CKM}^R}$$

$$\text{BR}(W_R \rightarrow \nu_R \ell) \sim 6.7\% \text{ (each family)}$$

$$\text{BR}(W_R \rightarrow t\bar{b}) \sim 25.7\% - 26.5\%$$

$$\underline{g_L \neq g_R = 0.37, \tan \beta = 0.5, V_{CKM}^L = V_{CKM}^R}$$

$$\text{BR}(W_R \rightarrow \nu_R \ell) \sim 6.7\% \text{ (each family)}$$

$$\text{BR}(W_R \rightarrow W_L h) \sim 1.95\%$$

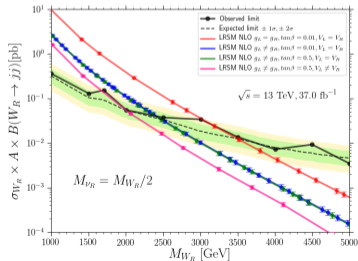
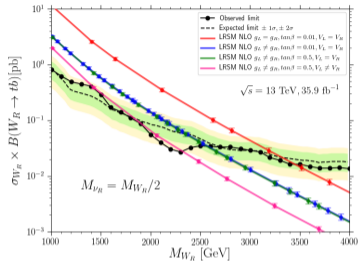
$$\text{BR}(W_R \rightarrow W_L Z_L) \sim 2.0\%$$

$$\text{BR}(W_R \rightarrow t\bar{b}) \sim 24.8\% - 25.6\%$$

$$\underline{g_L \neq g_R = 0.37, \tan \beta = 0.5, V_{CKM}^L \neq V_{CKM}^R}$$

$$\text{BR}(W_R \rightarrow t\bar{b}) \sim 15.7\% \text{ for high } M_{W_R} \text{ (4 TeV)}$$

$$\sim 24.7\% \text{ for low } M_{W_R} \text{ (1.5 TeV)}$$



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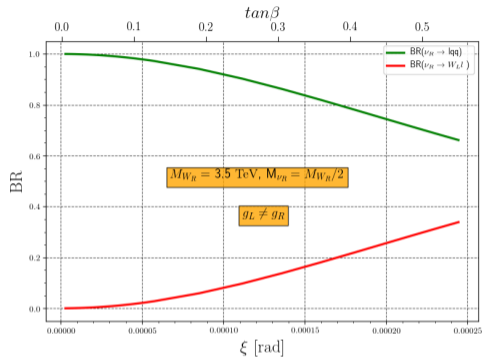
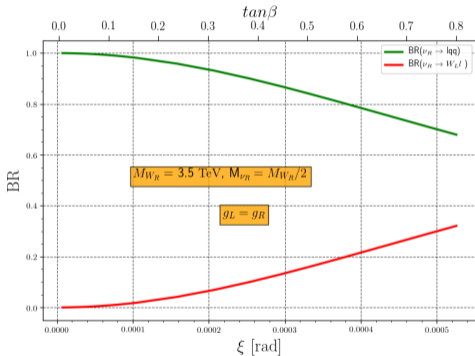
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Scenario II: $M_{\nu_R} < M_{W_R}$

$$W_R \rightarrow \nu_R \rightarrow \ell \ell W_R^* \rightarrow \ell \ell q q', \quad \ell = e \text{ or } \mu.$$

$$W_R \rightarrow \nu_R \rightarrow \ell \ell W_L \rightarrow \ell \ell q q', \quad \ell = e \text{ or } \mu.$$



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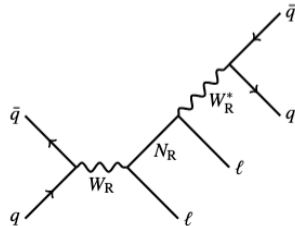
$$\bar{\nu} W_L^{+\mu} \ell \rightarrow \frac{i}{\sqrt{2}} \gamma^\mu (g_L P_L K_L \cos \xi - g_R P_R K_R \sin \xi)$$

$$\bar{\nu} W_R^{+\mu} \ell \rightarrow \frac{i}{\sqrt{2}} \gamma^\mu (g_R P_R K_R \cos \xi - g_L P_L K_L \sin \xi)$$

K_L and K_R are mixing matrices in the left and right leptonic sectors, defined as

$$K_L = V_L^{\nu\dagger} V_L^\ell,$$

$$K_R = V_R^{\nu\dagger} V_R^\ell.$$





Scenario II: $M_{\nu_R} < M_{W_R}$

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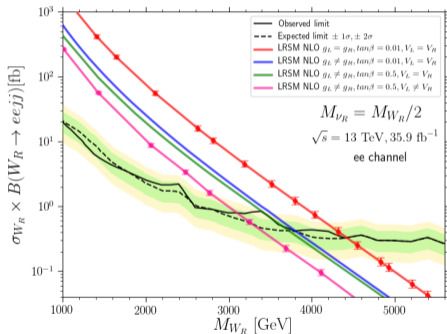
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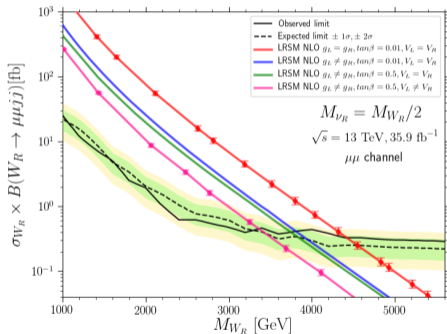
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eejj final state



$\mu\mu jj$ final state





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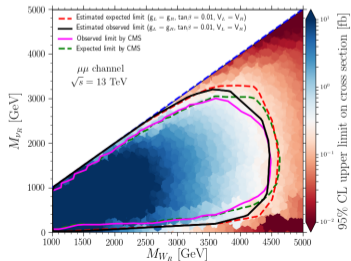
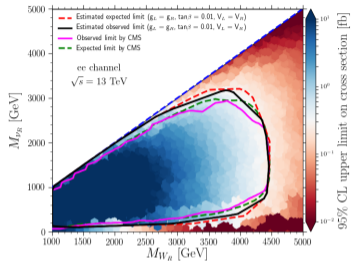
$$M_{\nu_R} > M_{W_R}$$

Scenario II:

$$M_{\nu_R} < M_{W_R}$$

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Scenario I:

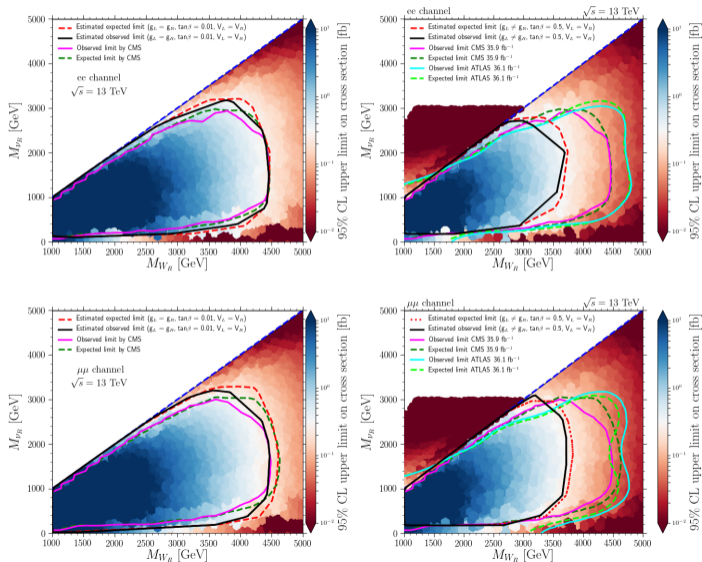
$$M_{\nu_R} > M_{W_R}$$

Scenario II:

$$M_{\nu_R} < M_{W_R}$$

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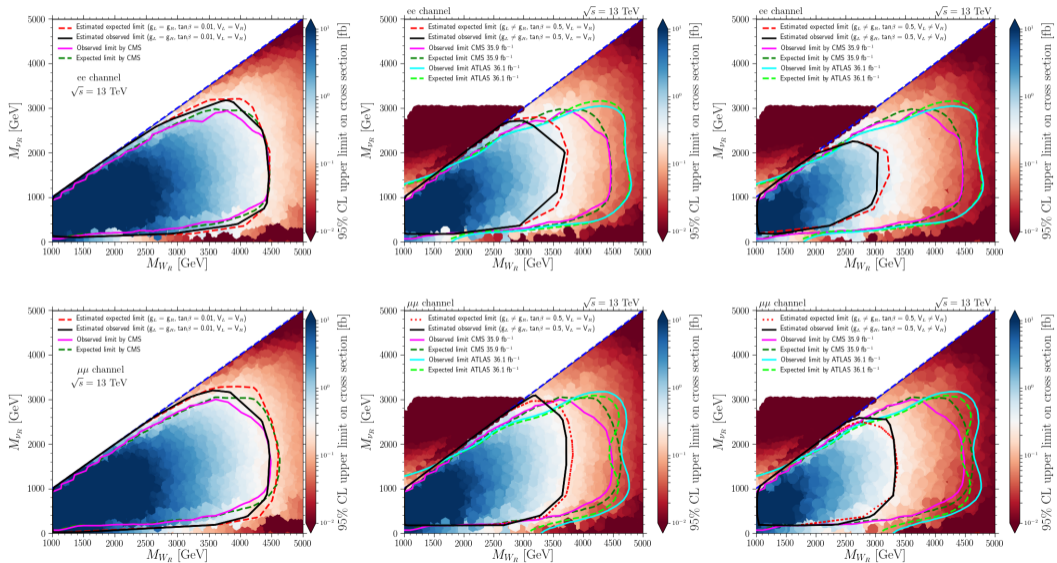
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Scenario I: $M_{\nu_R} > M_{W_R}$	Lower limits for M_{W_R} (GeV)		Exclusion channel
	Expected	Observed	
$g_L = g_R, \tan \beta = 0.01, V_{\text{CKM}}^L = V_{\text{CKM}}^R$	3450	3600	$W_R \rightarrow tb$
$g_L \neq g_R, \tan \beta = 0.01, V_{\text{CKM}}^L = V_{\text{CKM}}^R$	2700	2700	$W_R \rightarrow tb$
$g_L \neq g_R, \tan \beta = 0.5, V_{\text{CKM}}^L = V_{\text{CKM}}^R$	2675	2675	$W_R \rightarrow tb$
$g_L \neq g_R, \tan \beta = 0.5, V_{\text{CKM}}^L \neq V_{\text{CKM}}^R$	1940	2360	$W_R \rightarrow tb$
$g_L = g_R, \tan \beta = 0.01, V_{\text{CKM}}^L = V_{\text{CKM}}^R$	3625	3620	$W_R \rightarrow jj$
$g_L \neq g_R, \tan \beta = 0.01, V_{\text{CKM}}^L = V_{\text{CKM}}^R$	2700	2555	$W_R \rightarrow jj$
$g_L \neq g_R, \tan \beta = 0.5, V_{\text{CKM}}^L = V_{\text{CKM}}^R$	2650	2500	$W_R \rightarrow jj$
$g_L \neq g_R, \tan \beta = 0.5, V_{\text{CKM}}^L \neq V_{\text{CKM}}^R$	2010	2000	$W_R \rightarrow jj$

Table: Lower limits for M_{W_R} in GeV, when $M_{\nu_R} > M_{W_R}$.

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Scenario II: $M_{\nu_R} < M_{W_R}$	Lower limits for M_{W_R} (GeV)		Exclusion channel
	Expected	Observed	
$g_L = g_R, \tan \beta = 0.01, V_{\text{CKM}}^L = V_{\text{CKM}}^R$	4420	4420	$W_R \rightarrow qqee$
$g_L \neq g_R, \tan \beta = 0.01, V_{\text{CKM}}^L = V_{\text{CKM}}^R$	3800	3800	$W_R \rightarrow qqee$
$g_L \neq g_R, \tan \beta = 0.5, V_{\text{CKM}}^L = V_{\text{CKM}}^R$	3720	3725	$W_R \rightarrow qqee$
$g_L \neq g_R, \tan \beta = 0.5, V_{\text{CKM}}^L \neq V_{\text{CKM}}^R$	3300	3100	$W_R \rightarrow qqee$
$g_L = g_R, \tan \beta = 0.01, V_{\text{CKM}}^L = V_{\text{CKM}}^R$	4500	4420	$W_R \rightarrow qq\mu\mu$
$g_L \neq g_R, \tan \beta = 0.01, V_{\text{CKM}}^L = V_{\text{CKM}}^R$	3950	3800	$W_R \rightarrow qq\mu\mu$
$g_L \neq g_R, \tan \beta = 0.5, V_{\text{CKM}}^L = V_{\text{CKM}}^R$	3900	3750	$W_R \rightarrow qq\mu\mu$
$g_L \neq g_R, \tan \beta = 0.5, V_{\text{CKM}}^L \neq V_{\text{CKM}}^R$	3400	3350	$W_R \rightarrow qq\mu\mu$

Table: Lower limits for M_{W_R} in GeV when $M_{\nu_R} < M_{W_R}$.

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	BM I : $M_{\nu_R} > M_{W_R}$	BM II : $M_{\nu_R} < M_{W_R}$
m_{W_R} [GeV]	2557	3689
m_{ν_R} [GeV]	16797	1838
$\sigma(\text{pp} \rightarrow W_R)$ [fb] @13 TeV	48.7	3.98
$\sigma(\text{pp} \rightarrow W_R)$ [fb] @27 TeV	478.0	77.3
BR($W_R \rightarrow t\bar{b}$) [%]	26.3	19.9
BR($W_R \rightarrow jj$) [%]	58.6	45.8
BR($W_R \rightarrow \nu_R \ell$) [%]	-	6.5 (each family)
BR($W_R \rightarrow h_1 W_L$) [%]	1.8	1.5
BR($W_R \rightarrow W_L Z$) [%]	2.0	1.6
BR($\nu_R \rightarrow \ell qq'$) [%]	-	65.3
BR($\nu_R \rightarrow W_L \ell$) [%]	1.1×10^{-4}	33.1
BR($\nu_R \rightarrow W_R \ell$) [%]	99.9	-

Table: Related Branching Ratios and Cross Sections for **BM I** and **BM II**.



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Thank you!